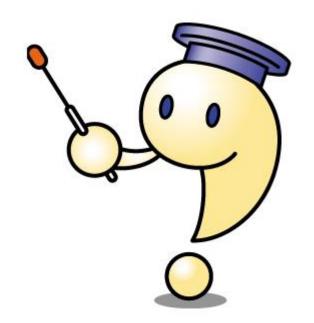


Outline of Amendments in 2023 for Enhancing Brand Protection

Maiko Ide Japan Patent Attorneys Association International Activities Center



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Contents

1. Outline of Amendments in 2023





1) Enhance brand/design protection

- Trademark, design, and unfair competition law

2) Develop new digitalization procedures

- Patent and trademark

3) Create systems for international business

- Unfair competition law



1) Enhance brand/design protection

Relaxation of Requirements for Design
 Registration Procedures (Art. 4 of Design Act)

When a creator makes a design publicly available multiple times...

Prior to Amendments	After Amendments	
File a request for exception	File a request for exception	
to lack of novelty for each	to lack of novelty only for	
disclosure	the first disclosure	

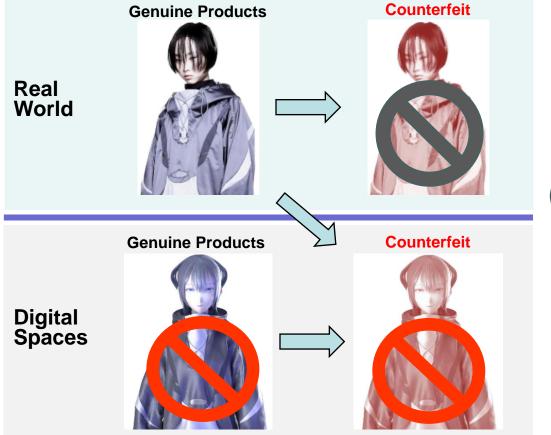


1) Enhance brand/design protection

ii. Prevention of Counterfeiting in Digital Spaces (Art. 2(1)(iii) of

UCP Act)









1) Enhance brand/design protection

iv. Expansion of Registrable Trademarks

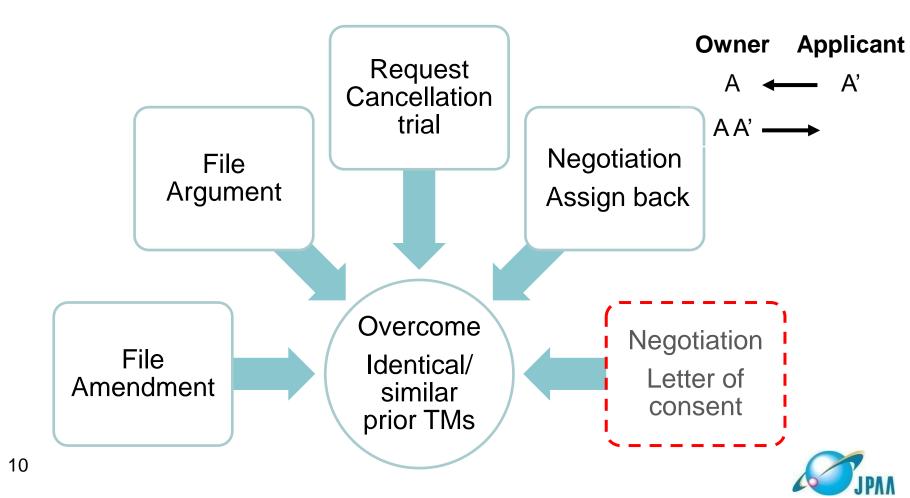
✓ Trademark containing a person's name (Art. 4(1)(viii) of Trademark Act)

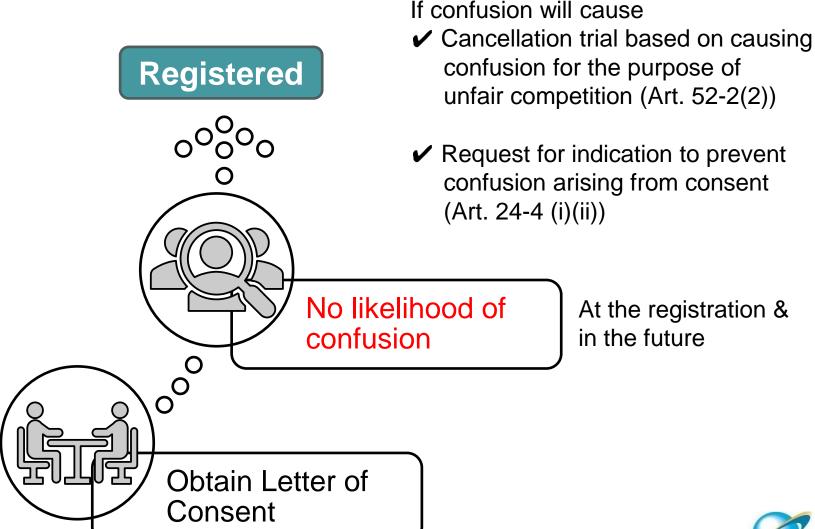
Trial No.	Trademark	Applicant
2016-19730	FRANCK MULLER	FMTM Distribution
2016-650060	LISA LARSON	Lisa * Johanna Larson Limited

✓ Introduction of Consent System for Trademark (New Art. 4(4) of Trademark Act and Art. 19 of UCP Act)

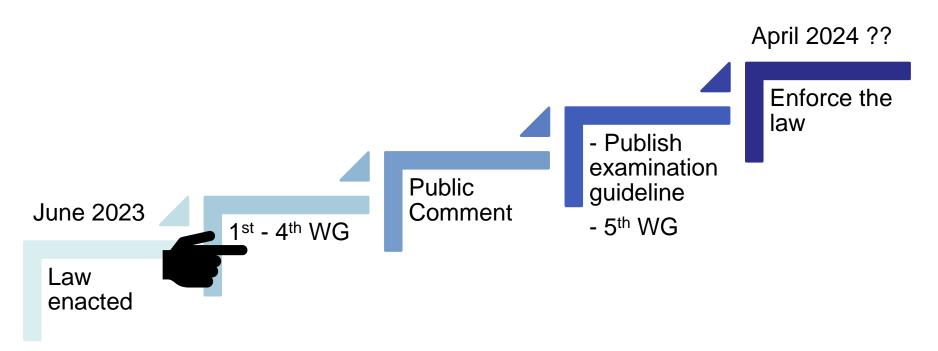


Options to overcome identical/similar prior trademark(s)











- ✓ How would an examiner determine that there is no likelihood of confusion?
- ✓ No likelihood of confusion in the future?
- What documents should we submit?



Draft of JPO

- ☐ Consent from the owner
- ☐ Usage of marks
 - i) Composition of TMs
 - ii) Way to use TMs
 - iii) Goods/Services bearing TMs
 - iv) Way to sell/provide G/S
 - v) Season to sell/provide G/S
 - vi) Area to sell/provide G/S
- ☐ No likelihood in the future

Documents should be submitted



- ☐ Similarity of both marks
- Well-known mark or not
- ☐ Coined mark or not
- ☐ House mark or not
- ☐ Possibility of diversification
- ☐ Similarity of goods/services
- ☐ Commonality in the consumer
- ☐ Usage of marks

Elements for determining the likelihood of confusion



Examiner

No likelihood of confusion

2. Outline of Letter of Consent

JPO

Consent and status of use are needed

At the registration

Consent from

the owner

For judging, the materials of usage are needed

After being registered

Necessary to protect consumers

WG members

Letter of consent from cited owner means there is no confusion

Materials submitted are subject to public comment

Agreement of NO confusion in the future binds future business

Evidences based on the fact >> OK



SUMMARY

- Allowed only if there is no risk of confusion
- Usage of marks would be needed
- Submitted documents are subject to public comment

TIPS

- ✓ Identical in mark/goods >> Use "assign-back"
- ✓ Parent-Subsidiary company >> Use another rule (available now unless the identical in TM&G/S)





Thank you!

We appreciate your feedback from here:





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