

Session 2 Strategic Enforcement of Patent Rights in Japan and Its Merit

- What US Patentees Should Know When Enforcing Japanese Patents -



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1. Overview of Japanese Judicial System

2. Remarkable Differences

3. Three Keywords





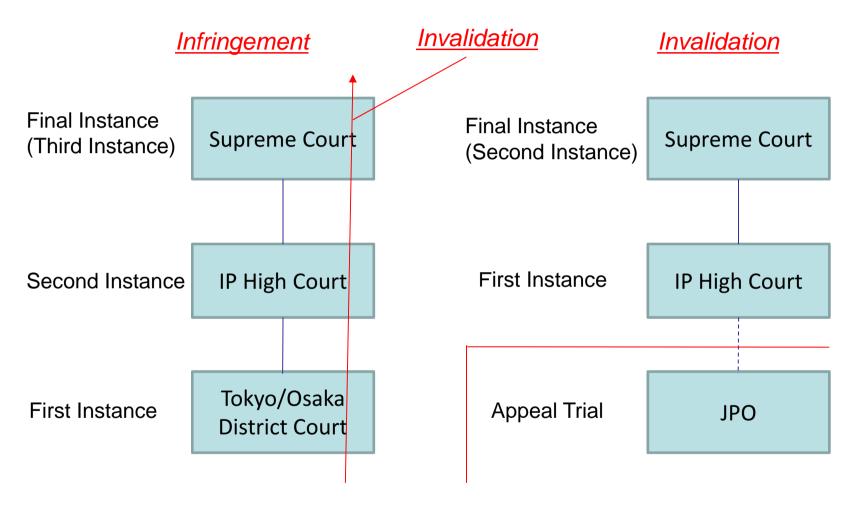


1. Overview of Japanese Judicial System







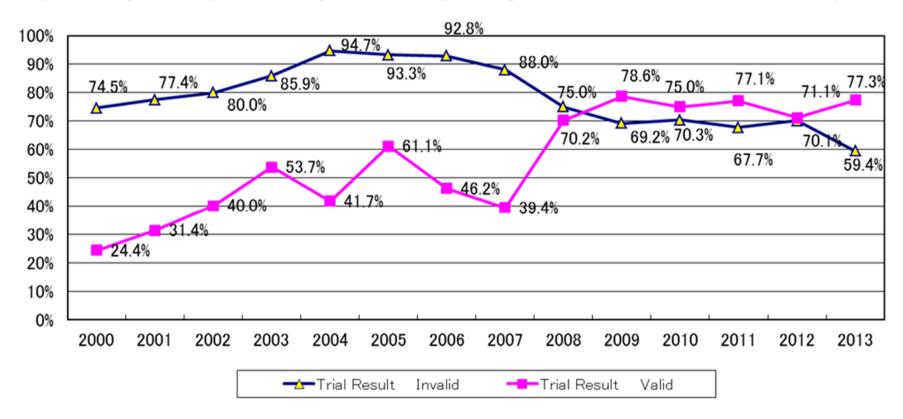








Upholding rate by the IP High Court regarding Invalidation Trial Decisions by JPO.



If JPO's decision is "valid", then the IP High court is very likely to uphold such decision!!





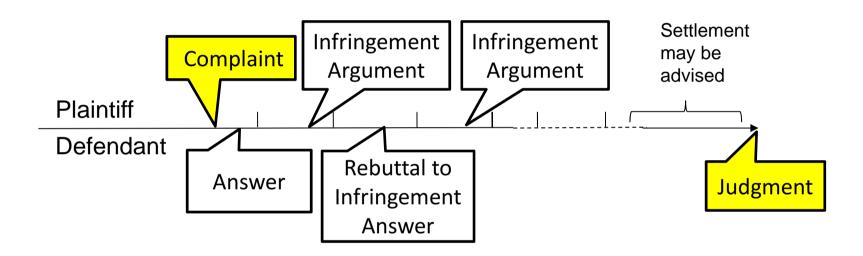


- First Instance District Court
 - Tokyo/Osaka District Courts have exclusive jurisdiction on patent infringement cases
- Second Instance IP High Court
- Final Instance Supreme Court
 - Constitutional Issues
 - Inconsistency with past SC case laws.
 - Important legal issues



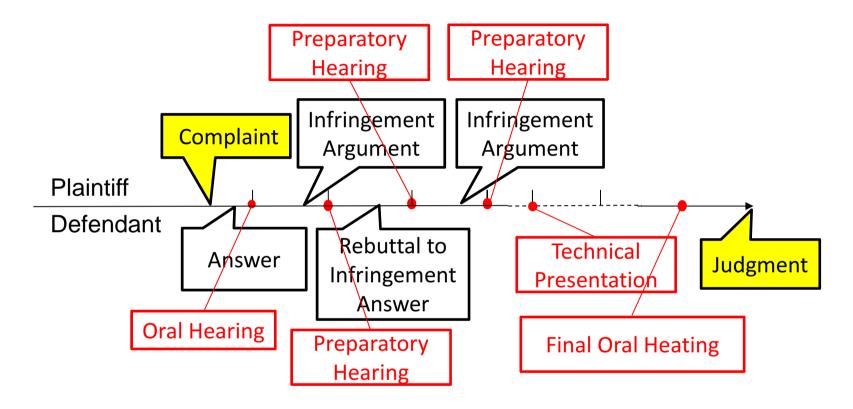








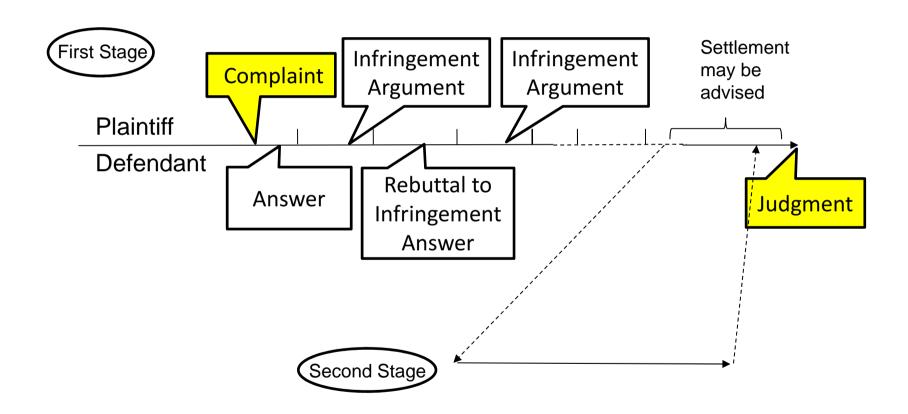








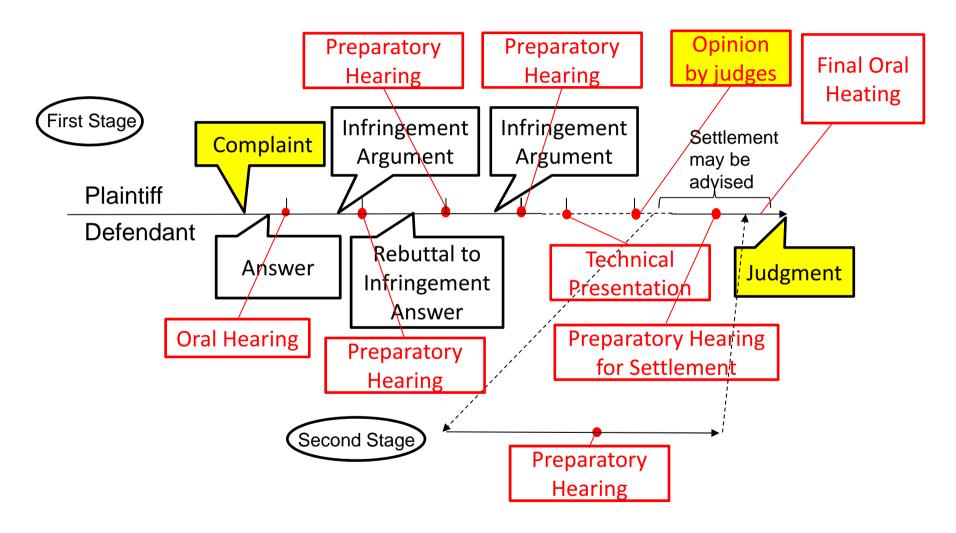








Overview of Japanese Judicial System





2. Remarkable Differences





Remarkable Differences

- First Stage
 - Focus on *Infringement* and *Validity*
 - ↓ (only both are admitted)
- Second Stage
 - Focus on *Damage Calculation*







Settlements on litigations

Most of the cases ends by settlements on litigations. The panel frequently advises a settlement at the second stage, based on the judges' opinion revealed at the first stage in a ligation.







No jury system in civil procedure

A panel consisting of professional judges are responsible for all procedures including fact finding and applications of a law. A high reliability of a judgment can be expected.

Documentary evidences are important in a litigation in Japan. Examination of a witness is not common in litigations in Japan.





3. Three Keywords





 Is not a litigation in Japan reliable? The invalidity rate of patent seems to be high.

 Does a foreign company have a disadvantage in a litigation in Japan ?

Is a cost of a litigation in Japan high?













 A system to support a board by a judicial research official and technical Advisors

Judicial research officials and technical advisors support a panel to provide advises in the view of a technology of an disputable issues regarding an invention on a litigation.

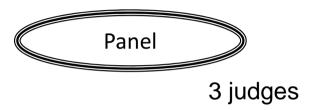
A judicial research official is a full-time court official assigned to carry out research on necessary matters as ordered by a court to report the result of the research.

Technical advisors are part-time court officials to provide technical explanations of the disputable issues to the board.





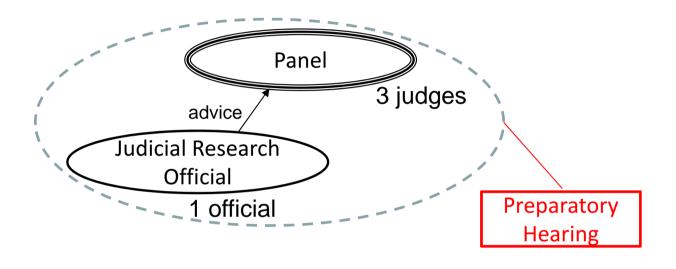








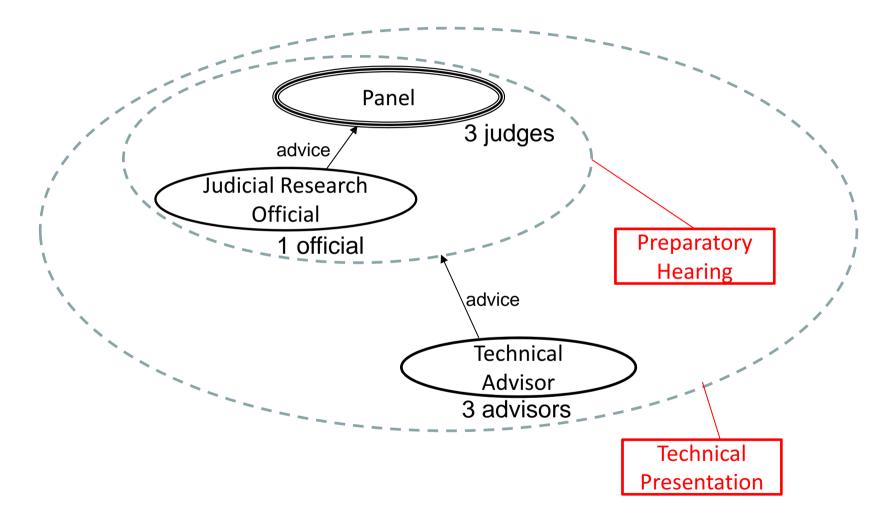








Three Keywords







Attorneys For Defendant

Judicial Research Official

Technical Presentation

Judges

Technical Advisors Attorneys for Plaintiff





Three Keywords

The invalidity rate of patents is NOT high in comparison with other countries.

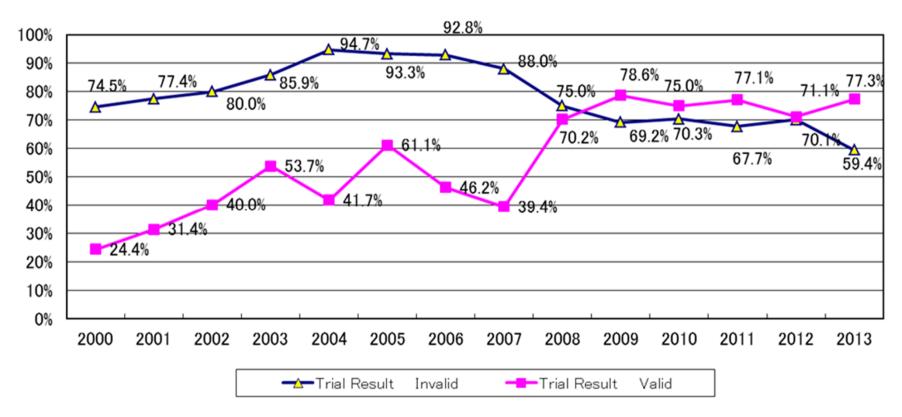
- U.K.: 59 % (from 2009 to 2014 before the patent court)
- Germany: 78 % (from 2009 to 2012 before the patent court, excluding cases withdrawn or settled)
- U.S. (IPR proceeding): 83 % (until January, 2015)
- Japan: 36 % (from 2004 to 2013 in patent infringement litigation)







Upholding rate by the IP High Court regarding Invalidation Trial Decisions by JPO.

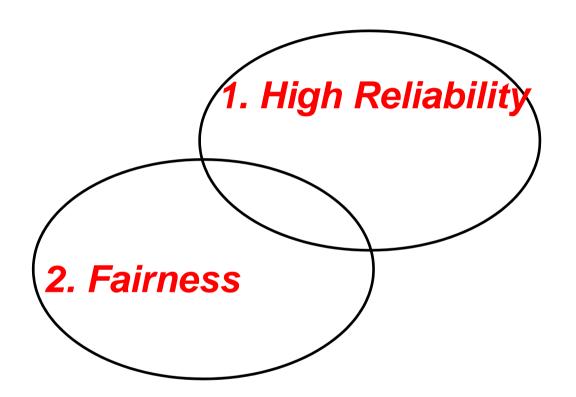


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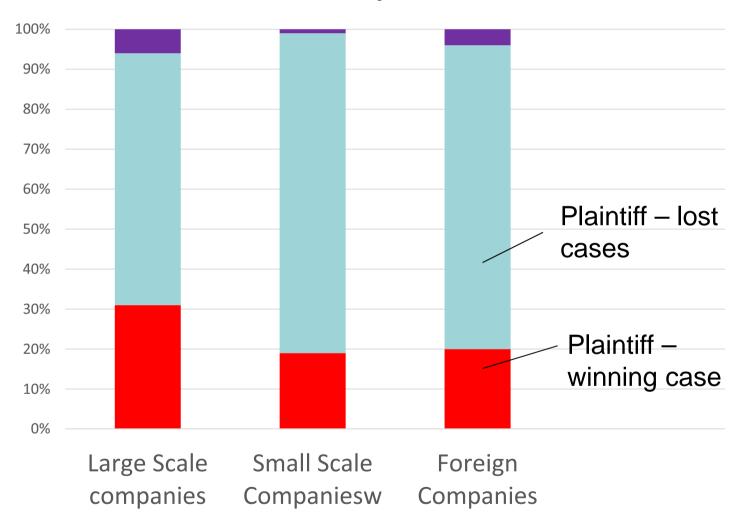
Three Keywords







Three Key words









Plaintiff V	S Defendant	Winning rate of Plaintiff
Japanese Large Company	Japanese Large Company	36 %
Japanese Large Company	Japanese Small Company	25 %
Japanese Large Company	Foreign Company	25 %
Japanese Small Company	Japanese Large Company	7 %
Japanese Small Company	Japanese Small Company	28 %
Japanese Small Company	Foreign Company	None
Foreign Company	Japanese Large Company	18 %
Foreign Company	Japanese Small Company 29 %	







• Actual winning rate of plaintiff (That is, patentee (Cases handled by 29th division of the Tokyo District Court)

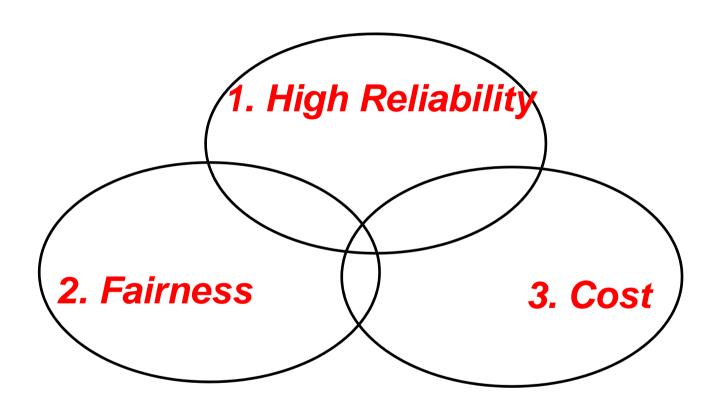
	Judgm ent (a)		Settlement (c)		Patentee's winning rate
Year		In favor of patetee (b)		In favor of patentee (d)	(b)+(d)/(a)+(c)
2006	27	5	50	27	42%
2007	33	13	39	23	50%
2008	25	13	49	29	57%
2009	20	8	50	37	64%

Source: Misao Shimizu "Current Status of IP divisions of the Tokyo District Court Based on Statistics" Hanrei Times No. 1301-84p





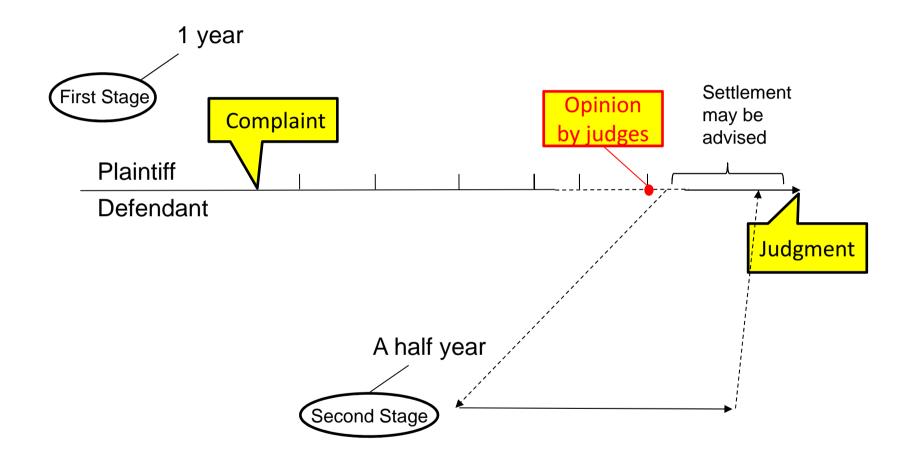








Three Keywords









JAPAN

Cost for a small to medium-scale patent litigation in the 1st instance

\$80,000 to \$250,000

<u>US</u>

Cost before end of discovery

\$350,000 to \$1,000,000

All costs.

\$700,000 to \$2,000,000







Thank you for your attention

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